4.—Estates, Trust and Agency Funds of Trust Companies, Chartered by or Supervised by the Federal Government and by Provincial Governments, as at Dec. 31, 1948-57

Year	Federal Companies ¹	Provincial Companies ²	Total	Year	Federal Companies ¹	Provincial Companies ²	Total
	8	\$	\$		\$	8	\$
1948	560,080,611 494,636,746 543,983,754	2,827,988,797 3,126,058,749 3,282,558,573	3,312,445,115 3,388,069,408 3,620,695,495 3,826,542,327 3,972,200,367	1954 1955 1956	663,520,956 734,670,479 815,367,349	3,470,781,614 3,734,874,516 3,985,662,299 4,318,560,879 4,695,817,867	4,398,395,472 4,720,332,778 5,133,928,228

¹ Includes companies chartered by the Governments of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Manitoba which, by arrangement, are inspected by the federal Department of Insurance.

² Excludes provincial companies of Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Manitoba which are included in federal companies.

Section 2.—Licensed Small Loans Companies and Licensed Money-Lenders*

Licensed small loans companies and licensed money-lenders are subject to the provisions of the Small Loans Act (R.S.C. 1952, c. 251) as amended by c. 46 of the Statutes of 1956, an enactment of the Parliament of Canada regulating personal loans not in excess of \$1,500 made on the security of promissory notes of borrowers. Most of these notes are additionally secured by endorsements or chattel mortgages. The Act permits, in the case of licensed lenders, maximum rates of cost of loan, including charges of every kind, of 2 p.c. per month on that portion of the unpaid balance of a loan not exceeding \$300, 1 p.c. per month on that portion of the balance exceeding \$300 but not exceeding \$1,000, and one-half of 1 p.c. per month on any remainder of the balance exceeding \$1,000. The maximum rate permitted to be charged by an unlicensed lender is 1 p.c. per month. Prior to Jan. 1, 1957, the scope of the Act extended only to loans of \$500 and under and the maximum rate permitted to be charged by licensed lenders was 2 p.c. per month and by unlicensed lenders 12 p.c. per annum. The small loans companies—four in number—were incorporated by special Acts of the Parliament of Canada, the first such company commencing business in 1928. Money-lenders, of which there are 75, are made up of companies otherwise incorporated and include a few partnerships and individuals. Table 5 gives the combined financial experience of small loans companies and licensed money-lenders for the years 1954-57.

5.—Assets and Liabilities of Small Loans Companies and Money-Lenders, 1954-57

Assets and Liabilities	1954	1955	1956	19571
	\$	\$	8	\$
Assets Small loan balances. Balances, large loans and other contracts Cash. Other	172,173,681 88,822,891 75,824,672 3,955,094 3,571,024	208,517,770 88,844,506 109,530,841 4,975,980 5,166,443	262,386,415 88,428,203 160,743,235 6,308,752 6,906,225	326,549,958 229,199,629 86,534,064 5,287,550 5,528,716
Liabilities. Borrowed money. Reserves for losses. Paid-up capital. Surplus paid in by shareholders. Other.	172,173,681 122,688,252 4,263,653 10,383,509 11,587,820 23,250,447	208,517,770 149,688,502 5,028,544 12,264,662 11,578,629 29,957,433	262,386,415 191,697,344 5,607,582 13,978,275 12,078,629 39,024,585	326,549,959 258,184,531 6,766,856 14,992,722 12,478,629 34,127,221

¹ Commencing Jan. 1, 1957, the Small Loans Act became applicable to loans of \$1,500 and under made on and after that date (see text above).

^{*} Further details are given in the Department of Insurance report Small Loans Companies and Money-Lenders for the year ended Dec. 31, 1957.